Material Safety Data Sheet Pigment Orange 71

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Pigment Orange 71

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: colouring component

Unsuitable for use: This material is not intended for use in products for which prolonged contact with mucous membranes, body fluids or abraded skin, or implantation within the human body, is specifically intended, unless the finished product has been tested in accordance with nationally and internationally applicable safety testing requirements. Because of the wide range of such potential uses, we are not able to recommend this material as safe and effective for such uses and assume no liability for such uses.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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Emergency telephone number

Other means of identification

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part1910.1200 Classification of the productSkin Sens.1Skin sensitizationCombustible DustCombustible Dust



	May form combustible dust concentration in air.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary Stateme	nts (Prevention):
P280	Wear protective gloves.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Precautionary Stateme	nts (Response):
P303 + P352	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P333 + P311	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Call a POISON CENTER or
	doctor/physician.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Precautionary Stateme	nts (Disposal):
P501	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Hazards not otherwise classified

The product is under certain conditions capable of dust explosion.

According to Regulation <u>1994 OSHA</u> Hazard Communication Standard; <u>29 CFR</u> Part 1910.1200 Emergency overview CAUTION: SENSITIZER. The statements are based on the properties of the individual components. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Use NIOSH approved respirator as needed to mitigate exposure.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200 CAS Number Weight <u>%</u> Chemical <u>name</u>

68554-12-1>= 20.0 - < 25.0% Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, calcium salts</td>According toRegulation 1994 OSHAHazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR1910.1200

CAS Number	Weight <u>%</u> Chemical <u>name</u>
68554-12-1~	>=15.0 - < 25.0% Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, calcium salts
Trade Secret	>= 75.0 - < 100.0% Substituted pyrrol

4. First-Aid Measures Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

If difficulties occur after dust has been inhaled, remove to fresh air and seek medical attention.

If on skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If swallowed:

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<u>Note to</u> physician Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: dry powder, foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: carbon dioxide

Additional information:

Avoid whirling up the material/product because of the danger of dust explosion.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting: harmful vapours Evolution of fumes/fog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Use personal protective clothing.

Environmental precautions

Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface water / ground water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small amounts: Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose of. For large amounts: Contain with dust binding material and dispose of

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Breathing must be protected when large quantities are decanted without local exhaust ventilation. Closed containers should only be opened in well-ventilated areas. Protection against fire and explosion: Avoid dust formation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Dust explosion class: Dust explosion class 2 (Kst-value 200 up to 300 bar m s-1).

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed and dry; store in a cool place.

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection: Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) particulate respirator. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Due to the colouring properties of the product closed work clothes should be used, to avoid stains

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Odour: Odour threshold: Colour: pH value:	powder odourless No applicable information available. orange approx. 8 (as suspension)	
Melting point: Boiling point: Flash point: Flammability: Lower explosion limit: Upper explosion limit:	 > 360 °C not applicable not flammable For solids not relevant for classification and labelling. For solids not relevant for classification 	
Autoignition: Vapour pressure:	380 °C not applicable, solid with a melting temperature over 300 °C	(BAM)
Density:	approx. 1.4 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Relative density: Partitioning coefficient n- octanol/water (log Pow): Self-ignition temperature:	No data available. 0.2 - 0.6 not self-igniting	(calculate
Thermal decomposition: Viscosity, kinematic: % volatiles: Solubility in water:	No decomposition if correctly stored and handled. not applicable none 0.012 mg/l (20 °C)	
Evaporation rate: Other Information:		

10. Stability and Reactivity Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

No corrosive effect on metal.

Oxidizing properties: not fire-propagating

Dust explosivity characteristics:

Kst:

Dust explosion class: Dust explosion class 2 (Kst-value 200 up to 300 bar m s-1) (St 2)

Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Dust explosion hazard.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid dust formation. Avoid deposition of dust. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid electro-static charge.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, strong acids

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:

No decomposition if correctly stored and handled.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Primary routes <u>of</u> entry Skin Eyes Inhalation. Ingestion.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion.

Oral Type of value: LD50 Species: rat Value: > 2,000 mg/kg

Dermal Type of value: LD50 Species: rabbit Value: > 2,000 mg/kg Irritation / corrosion Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin.

<u>Skin</u> Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Eye Species: rabbit Eye contact causes irritation. The statements are based on the properties of the individual components.

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: Based on the ingredients, there is no suspicion of a mutagenic effect.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Based on the ingredients there is no suspicion of a carcinogenic effect in humans.

None of the components in this product at concentrations greater than 0.1% are listed by ARC; NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Based on the ingredients, there is no suspicion of a toxic effect on reproduction.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: No teratogenic effects reported.

Other Information

The product has not been tested. The statements on toxicology have been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity Assessment of aquatic toxicity: There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation <u>and</u> elimination (H2O) The product is virtually insoluble in water and can thus be separated from water mechanically in suitable effluent treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation potential No significant accumulation in organisms is expected as a result of the distribution coefficient of n- octanol/water (log Pow).

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

Additional information

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations.

Container disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA:

14. Transport Information

Land transport USDOT	
	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Sea transport	
IMDG	
INDO	
	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Air transport	
IATA/ICAO	
ΙΑΤΑΛΙΔΑΟ	
	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Federal Regulations

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories):

Fire (Combustible Dust);

NFPA Hazard codes: Health : 1 Fire: 2 Reactivity: 0 Special:

HMIS III rating Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0

16. Other Information